



1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT/COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Name: MS-272
IPA-70 Clean

Product Use: Cleaning Solvent

MANUFACTURER/DISTRIBUTOR:

Miller-Stephenson Chemical
55 Backus Ave.
Danbury, Conn. 06810 USA
(203) 743-4447

Emergency Phone Number:
(800) 424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification

Flammable liquids: Category 2

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation: Category 2A

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3

Label elements:

Signal word

Danger

Pictograms



Hazardous warnings

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary Statements

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.
 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
 Avoid breathing fumes/gas/vapor/spray.
 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other Hazards

May form explosive peroxides.

3. INGREDIENTS

<u>Material (s)</u>	<u>CAS No.</u>	<u>Approximate %</u>
Isopropyl Alcohol (IPA)	67-63-0	65 – 75

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove patient to fresh air. Get medical attention.

Eye: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Continue to rinse. Get medical attention.

Skin: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before use. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.

Oral: DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Eye contact may provoke the following symptoms: Irritation Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Other symptoms potentially related to misuse or inhalation: Headache, drowsiness, staggering, unconsciousness.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: 53°F /12°C

Method: Tag Closed Cup

Autoignition Temperature: 797°F /425°C (IPA)

Flammable Limits in Air, % by Vol.:

LEL: 2% (IPA)

UEL: 12.7% (IPA)

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, Alcohol-resistant foam, Dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet as extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards: Flammable liquid. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along the floor. Carbon oxides expected to be the primary hazardous combustion product.

Special Fire Fighting Instruction: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus and other protective clothing to prevent contact with the skin and eyes. Evacuate personnel to safe area.

General fire hazards: Highly flammable liquid

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Flammable liquid. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Evacuate personnel to safe area. Remove all sources of ignition. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Environmental precautions: If containers rupture, prevent material from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas. Should not be released into the environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Immediately notify authorities of any reportable spill as may be required pursuant to regulations. Eliminate all ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. The product is miscible in water. Absorb with earth, sand, or other non-combustible material and transfer to container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean surface completely to remove residual contamination.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Do not inhale vapor or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take measures to prevent the buildup of electrostatic charge.

Storage Conditions: Keep container tightly closed and store in a clean, cool and dry area that is well-ventilated. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Do not store sources of heat, in direct sunlight or where temperatures exceed 120°F/49°C.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits:

Isopropyl Alcohol

TWA (ACGIH)

200 ppm, TWA

TWA (OSHA)

400 ppm, TWA

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Vapors are heavier than air posing a hazard of asphyxia if they are trapped in enclosed or low places. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation should be used in these areas.

Eye Protection: Wear safety glasses or coverall chemical splash goggles.

Respiratory Protection: Where there is potential for airborne exposures in excess of applicable limits, wear NIOSH approved respiratory protection.

Skin Protection: Where there is potential for skin contact have available and wear as appropriate impervious gloves. Gloves of nitrile rubber are recommended.

Do not smoke in area. Wash after handling. Do not eat or drink when using the material.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: 180°F/82°C

Percent Volatile by Volume: 100

Density: 0.86 g/cc @ 77°F/25°C

Vapor Pressure: 33 mmHg 70°F/20°C

Vapor Density (Air=1): 2.1

Solubility in H₂O: Soluble in water

pH Information: Neutral

Evaporation Rate (CC14=1): N.A.

Form: Aerosol

Appearance: Clear & Colorless

Color: Colorless

Odor: Alcohol odor

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Vapors may form flammable mixture in air.

Conditions to Avoid: Heat, sparks, and flames. Exposure to elevated temperatures, direct sunlight. Avoid static discharge.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with: Aldehydes. Aluminum, Halogenated organics. Halogens. Strong acids. Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Isopropyl Alcohol

Acute Toxicity

Oral: LD50, Rat, >5,000 mg/kg

Skin Absorption: LD50, Rat, >5,000 mg/kg

Inhalation: LC50, 4 h, Vapor, Rat, 72.6 mg/l

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: No skin irritation in rabbits.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Irritation to eyes in Rabbits, reversing within 21 days.

Skin Sensitization: Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory Sensitization: Not classified based on available information.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: In vitro and In vivo - Not Mutagenic

Carcinogenicity: Negative based in inhalation testing in rats.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified based on available information.

STOT- single exposure: May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT- repeated exposure: Not classified based on available information.

Aspiration toxicity: Not classified based on available information.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Isopropyl Alcohol

Ecotoxicity: The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Toxic to Fish: 96 hour, LC50 in Fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*): 9640 mg/l

Toxic to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: 24 hour, EC50 Water flea (*Daphnia magna*): >10,000 mg/l

Toxic to microorganisms: 16 hour, EC50 (*Pseudomonas putida*): >1,050 mg/l

Persistence and degradability: Rapidly degradable

Bioaccumulative potential: Partition coefficient n-octanol/ water (log Pow): 0.05

Mobility in soil: No data available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Empty containers must not be burned because of the explosive hazard. Recover and reclaim or recycle, if practical. Comply with Federal, State/Provincial and Local regulations. Remove to a permitted waste disposal facility.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT

Proper Shipping Name: Isopropanol

Hazard Class: 3

Identification No. UN1219

Packing Group: II

IATA

Proper Shipping Name: Isopropanol

Hazard Class: 3

Identification No. UN1219

Packing Group: II

IMDG

Proper Shipping Name: Isopropanol

Hazard Class: 3

Identification No. UN1219

Packing Group: II

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA: All ingredients are listed in TSCA inventory.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NPCA-HMIS Ratings:

Health - 2

Flammability - 3

Reactivity - 0

Personal Protective rating to be supplied by user depending on the conditions.

FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

REVISION DATE: NOVEMBER 2020

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user.